

P.N.O.G. Teachers' Training College, Haridwar  
Smt. P.O.M. Jena

Designation - Asst. Prof.

Dt. 27/04/2021

Sub. - C.C.V.

(Gender, School & Society)

Course - B.Ed (First Year, Session - 2020-22)

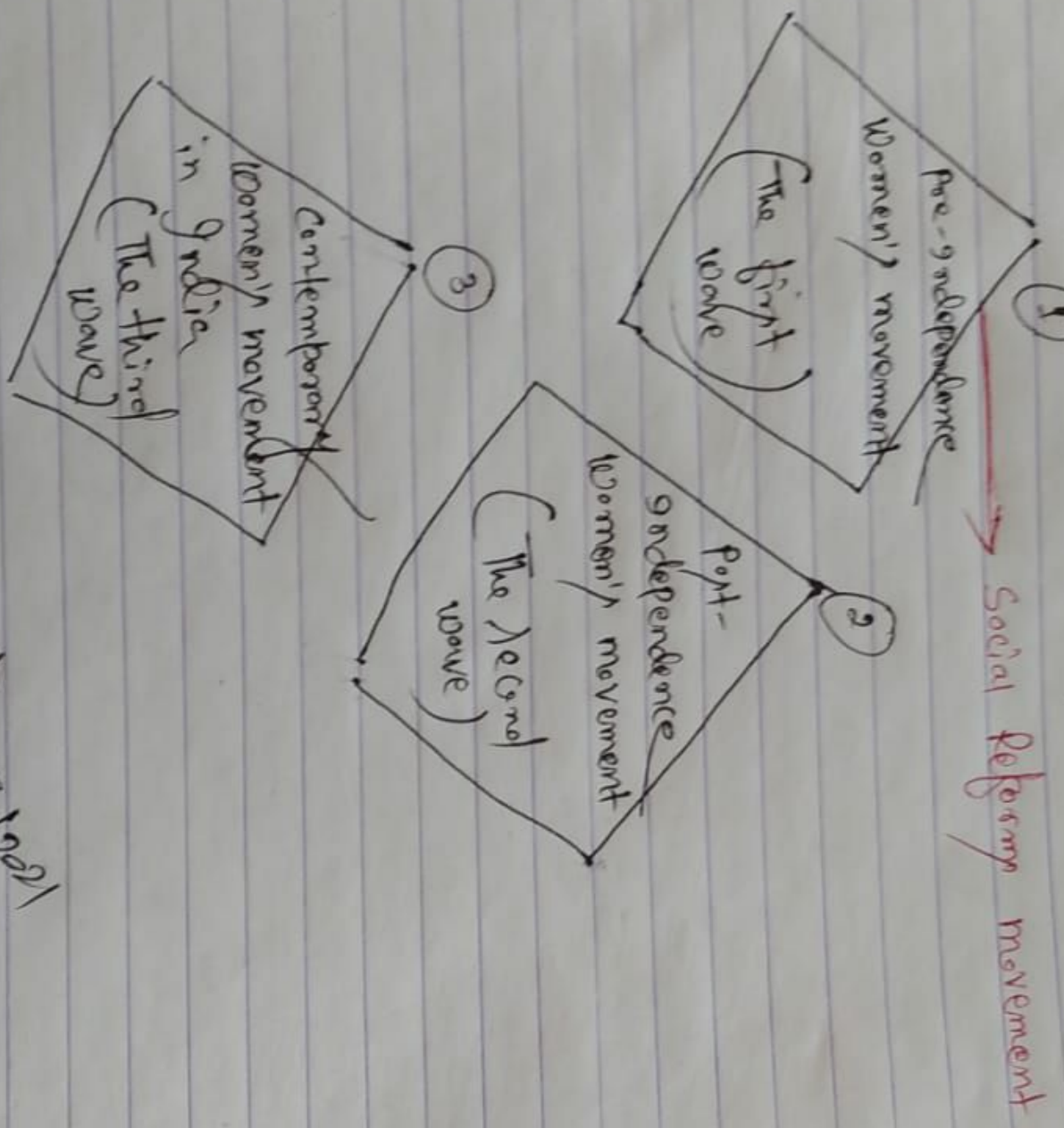
Topic - Content - "Landmarks from Social reform movement"

A social movement is a collective effort to bring about a new system in some field of life. It is born from the dissatisfaction that emerges from the prevalent situation and it is born from the expectation of a new social system taking its place. A movement is a pressure created by people in order to bring about social change. A social movement may lead to or inspire a revolution. A social movement is generally inspired by relieving people or its members from some evil or other specific goal. These movements include in them only certain classes of the society and their influence can be seen on certain sections of the society and generally their consequences is the manifestation of change. In India, women's movements started in the nineteenth century as a social reform movement. When the western concepts of freedom, equality and brotherhood started to spread in the elite classes through the English language. The women tried to go against the patriarchal system of the society by entrance in the Bhakti movement. Women's movements in India can be classified into three waves.





The first wave began during the nineteenth century and the freedom movement and by the middle of the twentieth century, women took part in the freedom movement. By the end of 1960's we can see paradigm shift in politics activism and it can be seen as the second wave. By the end of 1970's, the third wave began related whole focal point was women empowerment.



~~12/22/2021~~